

M&A Monitor

Piper Jaffray M&A Monitor

Analyzing M&A Activity—September 20, 2006

Sections:

Feature Article
 Feature Transaction
 Domestic M&A Transactions
 LTM Transaction Multiples
 Public Company Premiums
 Deal Financing
 Buyout Fund Market
 M&A Group Contacts

Visit our Web site—no password
 required: www.piperjaffray.com/ma

Feature Article

Simple Math Behind the Leveraged Buyout Market

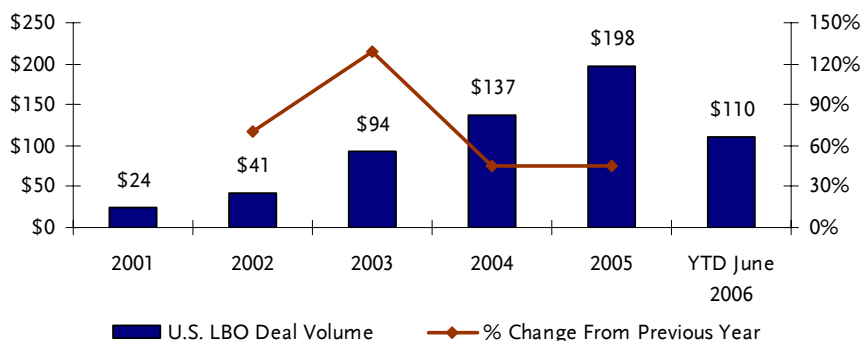
by Walter Murphy, 312 920-2147, walter.d.murphy@pjc.com

By almost any measure or source, deal statistics through the second quarter of 2006 point to another active year for M&A transactions. According to Thomson Financial Securities Data Corp., there were 8,935 domestic deals announced during the 12-month period ended Aug. 30, 2006, a 7.5% increase over the 8,313 transactions announced during the 12 months ended Aug. 30, 2005. The aggregate value of deals with reported pricing increased nearly 23% to \$1.1 trillion for the 12 months through August 2006, as compared to \$928 billion for the 12-month period ended August 2005. There are a number of tangible and anecdotal factors contributing to this trend, including strong business performance, a relatively positive economic environment, strategic buyers aggressively pursuing growth through acquisitions, financial sponsors with substantial untapped funds and a highly available debt market, among others.

Private equity firms have played a major role in the acceleration of both deal values and volume over the past few years. According to *Buyouts*, the total value of completed U.S. LBO transactions has increased substantially in each of the past four years, reaching \$198 billion in 2005 after bottoming out at \$24 billion in 2001. And with year-to-date activity through June topping \$110 billion, 2006 is on pace to exceed last year's totals.

While many of the large sponsor deals, such as the pending buyouts of HCA, the GMAC financing unit of GM, Kinder Morgan and Univision, to name a few, have received significant press given their size, the market for small and mid-size private equity-backed transactions also remains very strong. Though individually these deals do not have the same empirical "move-the-needle" impact as the higher profile, multibillion dollar LBOs, middle market private equity transactions in the aggregate have been a major contributor to the increase in deal values over the past two years.

(\$ in billions)

Source: *Buyouts*

The recent increase in financial sponsor M&A has been driven in part by the significant overhang of capital that was raised in the late 1990s but not widely used as of early 2005 following the 2001 through 2003 downturn. Heading into 2005, an estimated \$125 billion of committed private equity capital was available, and there was much publicity regarding the pressures to put this "dry powder" to work. To keep the math simple by assuming an average equity contribution of 33%, the \$308 billion of LBO transactions effected from the beginning of 2005 through June 2006 would have required just over \$100 billion of equity capital, leaving approximately \$25 billion of unused capital outstanding from the pre-2005 period.

Since 1895. Member SIPC and NYSE. Securities and products are offered in the United Kingdom through Piper Jaffray Ltd., which is an affiliate of Piper Jaffray & Co., incorporated under the laws of England and Wales, authorized and regulated by the Financial Services Authority and a member of the London Stock Exchange.

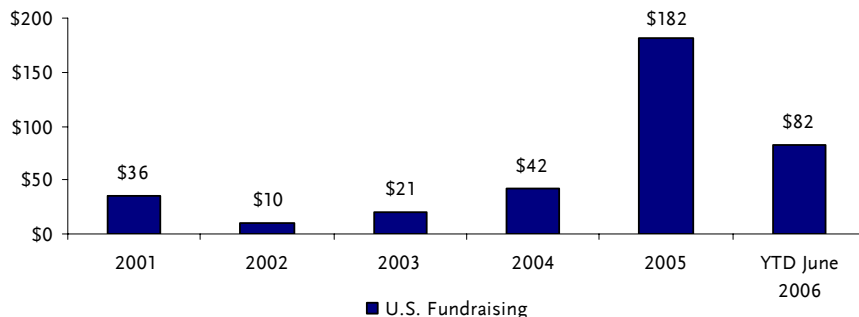
Feature Article, Cont.

Simple Math Behind the Leveraged Buyout Market

by Walter Murphy, 312 920-2147, walter.d.murphy@pjc.com

Though a significant amount of capital has been deployed in support of this recent LBO activity, recent record fundraising has again created a surplus of private equity money that needs to be expended. As indicated in the chart below, nearly \$265 billion in new capital has been raised over the past 18 months, ranging from mega funds such as the \$14.5 billion Blackstone Capital Partners V, the \$10 billion Bain Capital IX and the \$6.5 billion Madison Dearborn Capital Partners V, to more middle market-oriented firms, including Brockway Moran & Partners Fund III at \$700 million, Sterling Investment Partners II at \$545 million and Cortec IV at \$410 million. Applying the same ratio assumptions from above (one-third equity and two-thirds debt) to the approximate \$290 billion of equity capital (rounding \$25 billion unused from pre-2005 plus \$265 billion raised since 2005) currently available, there is a conservative estimate of \$870 billion of purchasing power within the financial sponsors community today.

(\$ in billions)



Source: Buyouts

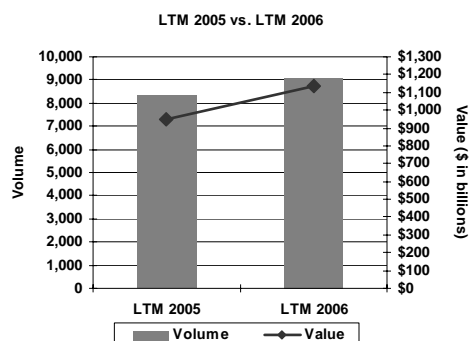
So what does this sizeable backlog of private equity capital mean for M&A over the next few years, assuming that the financing markets generally remain accommodating and accessible? If the estimated \$290 billion of equity capital was deployed at roughly the same pace of transactions in 2005 (i.e., approximately \$200 billion in aggregate value annually), and the average equity contribution was assumed at one-third of a typical capital structure, the current \$870 billion in available equity and debt financing theoretically could support LBO M&A activity for more than the next four years, even without any new fundraising in the market. It is interesting to note that this timeframe is generally consistent with the private equity community's intent to put new money to work within the first three to four years of a fund's life.

Given the traditional cyclicality of the M&A market, one could question whether the current deal environment is sustainable over the coming years, particularly in light of the recent pace of activity, and, admittedly, there are likely valid challenges to certain of the fundamental assumptions in this simple mathematical exercise. However, we do believe that the observations and conclusions are directionally correct.

Considering the current availability of debt financing (both in terms of liquidity and leverage multiples), the substantial levels of idle capital today and anticipated private equity fundraising in the future, we expect the LBO market to continue to be active and aggressive over the next few years.

Domestic Transactions

(\$ in billions)	Value*	Volume
LTM: 2005	\$945.9	8,336
LTM: 2006	\$1,138.9	9,079



*Total value based on deals with reported values

Source: Thomson Financial Securities Data Corporation

LTM median deal value for 2006 is \$33.3 million compared to \$27.9 million for 2005.

LTM Transaction Multiples

By Size (\$ in millions)	EBIT	EBITDA
Less than \$25	8.9x	5.8x
\$25 to \$100	10.8x	6.8x
\$100 to \$250	13.9x	8.8x
\$250 to \$1,000	15.5x	7.4x
Over \$1,000	14.3x	9.0x

Current data as of September 13, 2006

Source: Thomson Financial Securities Data Corporation

Based on multiples between 0x and 25x; excluding media and telecom.

Public Company Premiums

1 week prior to announcement	23.2%
4 weeks prior to announcement	25.7%

Current data as of September 13, 2006

Source: Thomson Financial Securities Data Corporation

Deal Financing

	Current	1 Year Ago
Leveraged Bank Loan	7.99%	5.92%
High Yield Bond Rate	8.21%	7.67%
Senior Debt/EBITDA*	4.2x	4.6x
Total Debt/EBITDA*	4.8x	4.7x

Current data as of September 14, 2006

Source: Portfolio Management Data, The Wall Street Journal and LCD Comps

*Represents leverage statistics for middle market LBOs (less than \$50 million of EBITDA)

Since 1895. Member SIPC and NYSE. Securities and products are offered in the United Kingdom through Piper Jaffray Ltd., which is an affiliate of Piper Jaffray & Co., incorporated under the laws of England and Wales, authorized and regulated by the Financial Services Authority and a member of the London Stock Exchange.

Buyout Fund Market

(\$ in billions)	2005	2004	2003
Funds Raised	\$173.5	\$42.2	\$24.0
Deals Completed	\$198.0	\$136.5	\$94.8

Data as of September 13, 2006
Source: Buyouts

M&A Monitor Contacts

(General and Deal Related Questions)

Minneapolis	Chicago	London
John A. Hogan Head of Financial Sponsors 612 303-6380 john.a.hogan@pjc.com	Jeff A. Rosenkranz Head of Business Services Head of Industrial Growth 312 920-2133 jeff.a.rosenkranz@pjc.com	David I. Wilson Chief Executive Officer Piper Jaffray Ltd. 44 20 7743-8701 david.i.wilson@pjc.com
Michael R. Dillahunt Managing Director 612 303-6337 michael.r.dillahunt@pjc.com	Scott M. Hasley Principal 312 920-2149 scott.m.hasley@pjc.com	Matthew J. Flower Principal 44 20 7743-8702 matthew.j.flower@pjc.com
Robert D. Frost Managing Director 612 303-8248 robert.d.frost@pjc.com	Walter D. Murphy Principal 312 920-2147 walter.d.murphy@pjc.com	James O. Steel Vice President 44 20 7743-8705 james.o.steel@pjc.com
John A. Lonquist Managing Director 612 303-6308 john.a.lonquist@pjc.com		
Daniel A. Efron Vice President 612 303-6438 daniel.a.efron@pjc.com		
Matthew M. Szniewajs Vice President 612 303-2030 matthew.m.szniewajs@pjc.com		

The M&A Monitor is published every two weeks by the M&A Group within the Investment Banking Department at Piper Jaffray. To report any technical difficulties with this e-mail transmission, please contact Cindy Zebro at cynthia.k.zebro@pjc.com. Visit our Web site—no password required: www.piperjaffray.com/ma.

Information contained in this publication is based on data obtained from sources we deem to be reliable, however, it is not guaranteed as to accuracy and does not purport to be complete. Nothing contained in this publication is intended to be a recommendation of a specific security or company nor is any of the information contained herein intended to constitute an analysis of any company or security reasonably sufficient to form the basis for any investment decision. Nothing contained in this publication constitutes an offer to buy or sell or the solicitation of an offer to buy or sell any security.

Notice to customers in Europe: This material is for the use of intended recipients only and only for distribution to professional and institutional investors, i.e. persons who are authorized persons or exempted persons within the meaning of the Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 of the United Kingdom, or persons who have been categorized by Piper Jaffray Ltd. as intermediate customers under the rules of the Financial Services Authority.

Since 1895. Member SIPC and NYSE. Securities and products are offered in the United Kingdom through Piper Jaffray Ltd., which is an affiliate of Piper Jaffray & Co., incorporated under the laws of England and Wales, authorized and regulated by the Financial Services Authority and a member of the London Stock Exchange.